

# **Stress Quotient**®

### Leader

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### Introduction



Any job can have stressful elements, even if you love what you do. Some stress at work is normal, however excessive stress can obstruct your productivity and impact your physical and emotional health. Your ability to deal with it can mean the difference between success and failure.

There are situations you can't control in your work environment, but that doesn't mean you're powerless—even when you're stuck in a problematic situation. Finding ways to manage stress isn't about making huge changes or rethinking career ambitions, but rather about focusing on the things that are within your control.

Stress at work can be defined as the harmful physical and emotional responses that occur when the requirements of the job do not match the capabilities, resources, or needs of the worker. Stress at work can lead to poor health and even injury.

The concept of stress at work is often confused with a challenge, but these concepts are not the same. Being challenged can energize us psychologically and physically, and it can motivate us to learn new skills and leads to mastery of our jobs. When a challenge is met, we feel energized and satisfied. Thus, challenge is an important ingredient to be healthy and productive at work.

A healthy work environment is one where the pressures on employees are relevant to their abilities and resources, to the amount of control they have over their work, and the support they receive.

In the following pages, you will find several different sections to demonstrate your possible stress.

#### **Stress Index Summary**

This section starts with a summary page showing your stress in seven sections on a 100-point scale. To help you understand your level of stress, we have broken the stress into five levels: little or no stress, limited stress, elevated stress, significant stress, severe stress.

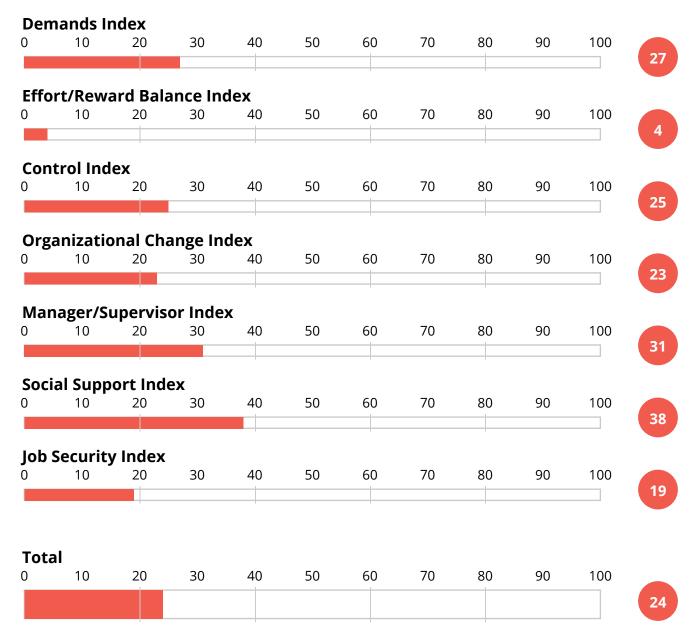
#### **Stress Factors**

Next, we took the seven stress factors and dissected them based on subcategories. These factors are displayed in dials on the same 100-point scale. The top dial is the overall category, and the dials below are the breakdown of more specific stressors. **The sub dials do not add up to the top dial and are not an average.** Rather, they are based on how you responded to specific questions.

As you go through this section, please read through each sub category including both the definition and the accompanying question.

# **Stress Index Summary**





#### **Index Summary Legend**

0-20 = Little or No Stress

21-40 = Limited Stress

41-60 = Elevated Stress

61-80 = Significant Stress

81-100 = Severe Stress

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### **Stress Factor - Demand**



#### **Demand Index**

While today's employees need challenging tasks to maintain their engagement and motivation, it is important that demands do not exceed the ability to cope. Workplace stress tends to build as demands and responsibilities increase. Stress can be directly tied to poorly designed jobs, excessive workloads and talents and skills not matching the work. The goal is to have a balance between demands and time.



**Time Management** is the analysis of how working hours are spent and the prioritization of tasks in order to maximize personal efficiency in the workplace.

- How could you better balance the workload in order to avoid sacrificing quality?
- How might the scheduling of work be more effectively distributed to avoid missing deadlines?



**Competency Job Match** reveals how a person's talents fit within a current role.

- How can employees be better matched to their job to accomplish goals?
- How do you indentify the skills and talents that employees bring to the job?



Index Summary Legend

0-20 = Little or No Stress

21-40 = Limited Stress

41-60 = Elevated Stress

61-80 = Significant Stress

## **Stress Factor - Effort/Reward Balance**



### **Effort/Reward Balance Index**

Having purpose or job satisfaction is an important factor in any job. High effort without satisfying ones need for rewards can lead to workplace stress. Rewards come in many forms; recognition, helping others, gaining knowledge, personal growth, structure or compensation. High effort in the workplace is essential but must be matched by the reward that the individual desires. Workplace stress arises when there is a significant disconnect between needs and rewards.



**Workplace Meaningfulness** is the quality of having great value, purpose or significance in the workplace.

 It seems you have very little stress in this area; however, are there things you would like to discuss that could make your work more meaningful?



**Workplace Recognition and Reward** is a return on effort and dedication at work.

 It seems you have very little stress in this area; however, are there things you would like to discuss that would support your workplace dedication?



Index Summary Legend

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21-40 = Limited Stress

41-60 = Elevated Stress

61-80 = Significant Stress

### **Stress Factor - Control**



#### **Control Index**

A feeling of powerlessness is a universal cause of job stress. You alter or avoid the situation because you feel nothing can be done. Common sources of stress at work include complaints of too much responsibility with too little authority, being involved, not being heard and no one understanding what you really do. Workplace stress increases as one's degree of control decreases. The goal is to have a balance between responsibilities and personal control.



**Workplace Involvement** is creating an environment in which people have an impact on decisions and actions that affect their jobs.

- What might you do to share more information about work-related issues?
- How can you filter the suggestions to create more engagement and productivity?



**Workplace Empowerment** is giving employees a degree of autonomy and responsibility for decision-making regarding their specific organizational tasks.

- What needs to change or improve to ensure that quality work is completed to your standards?
- What could you do to help employees better prioritize work to maximize potential?



**Index Summary Legend** 

0-20 = Little or No Stress

21-40 = Limited Stress

41-60 = Elevated Stress

61-80 = Significant Stress

# **Stress Factor - Organizational Change**



### **Organization Change Index**

Organizational change affects people differently. While some people welcome it, others will become apprehensive and stressed at the mere mention of change. Organizational change can be defined as any change in people, structure, technology or procedures. Organizational change can vary in degree and direction produce uncertainty and can initiate both stress and opportunities.



**Organizational Communication** is the mode used to convey organizational change such as policies, procedures and other activities.

- How could the organization better communicate upcoming changes in the desired timeframe?
- How could the organizational communication be more effective?



**Organizational Evolution** is a process of progressive change or development in an organization.

 It seems you have very little stress in this area; however, are there things you would like to discuss that would promote organizational development?



**Organizational Vision** is an aspirational description of what an organization would like to achieve or accomplish.

- What changes do you believe need to occur within the organization?
- How could the organization vision be less ambiguous?



Index Summary Legend

0-20 = Little or No Stress

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41-60 = Elevated Stress

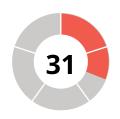
61-80 = Significant Stress

# Stress Factor - Manager/Supervisor



### **Manager/Supervisor Index**

Common reasons given for stress at work can include lack of effort from your employees or self imposed pressure on yourself. Most people don't realize that stress is a vital part of every job. That's why, when you are working under reasonable demands you can get the job done more efficiently. However, when you do things that go beyond normal pressure this can cause stress.



**Employee Awareness** is the ability to recognize and understand the interpersonal needs of people.

- What could you do to ensure that personal issues don't interfere with productivity?
- What could you do differently to help your employees meet your expectations?



**Leadership Style** is an overall process to handle situations and/or interactions with employees.

 It seems you have very little stress in this area; however, are there things you would like to discuss that could make your leadership interactions more effective?



**Index Summary Legend** 

0-20 = Little or No Stress

21-40 = Limited Stress

41-60 = Elevated Stress

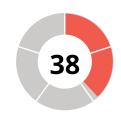
61-80 = Significant Stress

# **Stress Factor - Social Support**



### **Social Support Index**

A lack of support from colleagues and leadership can lead to workplace stress. A supportive environment is one where leadership provides clear and consistent information and coworkers stand ready to assist when needed. An environment that promotes positive working relationships and addresses unacceptable behavior promotes productivity and employee engagement.



**Avoidance** is a conscious or unconscious act to bypass people or events that could cause conflicts.

- How could you repair relationships with employees you avoid?
- What is it about company functions that you dislike?



**Cooperation** is the process of working together to achieve the desired result.

 It seems you have very little stress in this area; however, are there things you would like to discuss that would promote cooperation?



**Frustration** is the feeling of being upset or annoyed, due to an inability to change or achieve the desired outcome.

- What could lessen the affects of conflicts or disagreements in the organization?
- What are the conflicts that cause you frustration at work?



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61-80 = Significant Stress

# **Stress Factor - Job Security**



### **Job Security Index**

People worry about many aspects of their jobs, but most of the fear comes from job security. Job insecurity comes from the fear of job loss and the associated unemployment implications. Stress can also originate from a lack of advancement or being promoted too slowly. People also can have a concern with being promoted too quickly to be successful in the job.



**Opportunity** is a set of circumstances that makes it possible for advancement or success.

 It seems you have very little stress in this area; however, are there things you would like to discuss that could lead to more opportunity?



**Job Stability** is the level of concern a person has regarding their job.

• It seems you have very little stress in this area; however, are there things you would like to discuss that would create more job stability?



**Workplace Trust** is the degree of candor versus the need someone has to be guarded.

- What are the barriers keeping you from talking about workplace issues?
- What specific issues are causing you to be guarded in the workplace?



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# Introduction

### **Symptoms and Effects**



#### **Stress Symptoms**

This section is critical to understanding overall stress and how it could affect you. This section looks at physical, emotional, cognitive and behavioral symptoms of stress. Each individual handles stress differently. Stress can be affected by outside-the-job factors that can increase the likelihood of negative effects. Someone could have a high level of stress and function normally, and another person could have a low to moderate level of stress and be close to burnout.

As you go through this section, use the bullets to identify possible areas you need to address.

#### **Stress Effects Summary**

The graphics in the section show the degree of balance between stress effects (coral bar) and positive effects (blue bar). While the stress effects scores parallel the stress index scores, they are not identical. To get an accurate view of how activities can cause stress or create a positive effect, we apply a different scoring model to the same set of questions.

This section can give you a perspective to the degree of potential stress a person might have. Are there positive things happening that could be balancing the stress of the day? Remember some level of stress is necessary in most jobs. The lack of stress could be a potential discussion area in an organization as well. It's difficult to understand what ideal level of stress looks like; however having a dialogue about this is a key to success.

#### **Stress Effects Analysis**

The Stress Effects Radar graphic offers a quick visual overview of the stress effects and positive effects.

### **Stress Symptoms**



#### **Stress Symptoms Index**

Stress is a normal part of life. Stress can be the body's reaction to change that requires an adjustment or response. Many events that happen to you and around you put stress on your body. The body reacts to changes with physical, mental and emotional responses. The human body is designed to experience stress and react to it. Stress can be positive, keeping you alert and engaged. Stress becomes negative when a person faces continuous challenges without relief or relaxation between challenges. As stress-related tension builds, the results can be any of the following symptoms.



#### Physical stress symptoms possibly including:

- Low energy
- Aches and pains
- Frequent illness



#### **Emotional stress symptoms** possibly including:

- Irritability
- Feeling overwhelmed
- Moodiness



#### Cognitive stress symptoms possibly including:

- Inability to concentrate
- Memory problems
- Poor judgment



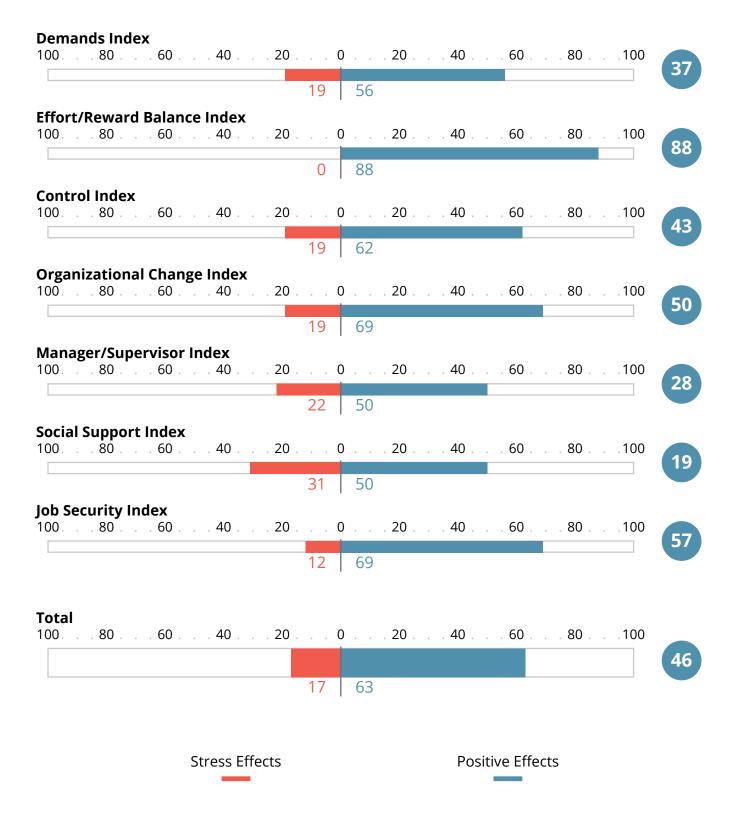
#### Behavioral stress symptoms possibly including:

- Eating or sleeping issues
- Procrastination
- Nervous habits



# **Stress Effects Summary**

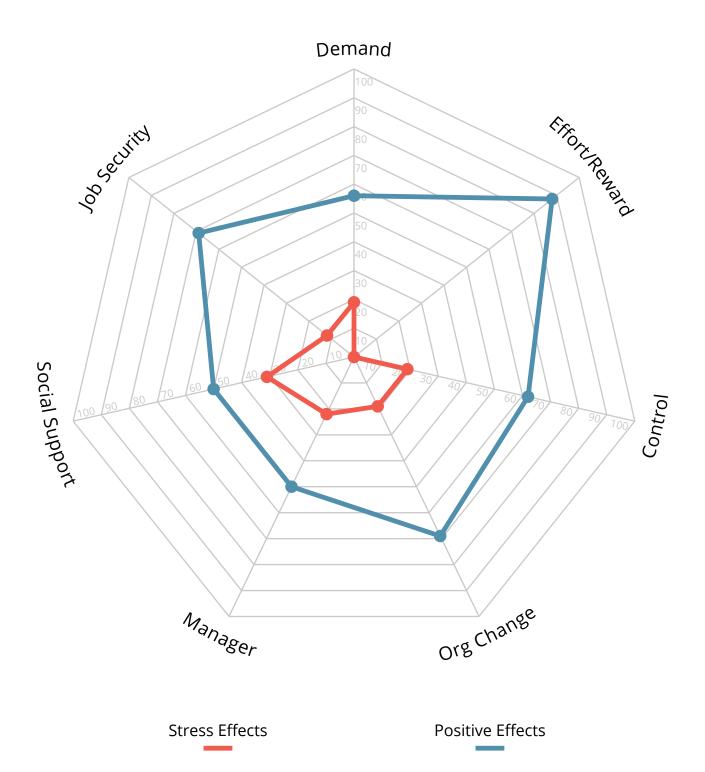




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# **Stress Effects Analysis**





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